Surah 51 Surah Dhaariyaat

THE WINDS THAT DISPERSE

THE LINK BETWEEN SURAH DHAARIYAAT AND SURAH QAAF

Surah Qaaf states very clearly that resurrection will definitely take place. Surah Dhaariyaat takes the subject further by stating that, besides resurrection, rewards and punishment will also be given to those deserving them. Verses 5 and 6 mention, "Indeed what you have been promised is undoubtedly true (Qiyaamah shall certainly arrive) and retribution (rewards and punishment for actions) will undoubtedly take place."

A SUMMARY OF THE SURAH

Surah Dhaariyaat contains the following:

* Testimony about rewards and punishment.
* A description of resurrection.
* Two logical proofs for the coming of Qiyaamah.
* Five examples of worldly punishment. These are:

1. Verses 24 to 37 contain the first of the five examples of worldly punishment when Allaah discusses the destruction of the people of Loot.
2. The second example follows in verses 38 and to verse 40. Allaah describes how Fir'oun and his army were drowned in the sea because of their rebelliousness.
3. Thereafter, in verses 41 and 42, Allaah cites the example of the Aad. They were destroyed by a fierce tornado when they rejected the teachings of Hood.
4. Verses 43 to 45 mention the fourth example of worldly punishment, writing the example of the Thamud.
5. Verse 46 mentions the fifth and final example, which precedes all the incidents already mentioned. The example is of the nation of Nooh, who were drowned in a great flood when they refused to accept his teaching.
الله تعالى الكريم الحليم

In the name of Allaah, the Most Compassionate, the Most Merciful.

1. By the oath of the winds that disperse (scatter the dust, clouds, etc)...

2. And by the clouds that bear (bring) heavy burdens (rains)...

3. And by the ships that move smoothly...

4. And by those angels who distribute (sustenance/rain) on (by Allaah’s) command...

5. Indeed what you have been promised is undoubtedly true (Qiyaamah shall certainly arrive)...

6. And retribution (reward and punishment for actions) will undoubtedly take place (justice will be done).

7. By the oath of the sky which have fixed (orbits)...

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8. (In contrast) You people are definitely divided in talks (compared in your views about Qiyamah, which some of you accept while others do not).

9. Turned away from it (the Truth) is he who is prone to turning away (from everything good).

10. May those who spread falsehood (who reject the belief in resurrection without valid reason be destroyed)...

11. ...they are) those who are lost (flounder) in their ignorance (because they cannot understand the truth).

12. They ask (with ridicule, as if in a hurry for it), “When will the day of retribution (reckoning) be?”

13. (It will be) The day when they will be punished in the Fire.

14. (It will then be said to them) “Taste your punishment! This is that which you sought to hurry.” (wished will come quickly)

15. Verily those with Taqwa shall be (enjoying themselves) in Jannaat with springs... (fountains)

16. ...receiving what (bounties) their Rabb confers on (gives) them. Indeed these people used to carry out good (virtuous) deeds before (in the world).
17. Little was it that they slept at night (because they devoted their nights to worshipping Allaah).

18. During the closing portions of the night they would be seeking forgiveness (from Allaah).

19. (In addition to all of this,) There was always a portion of their wealth (reserved) for beggars and deprived people (the poor).

20. In the earth are Aayaat (signs demonstrating Touheed and Allaah’s great power) for those who have conviction (sure faith)...

21. ...and within your own selves (are Aayaat) as well. Do you not (ponder over these and) see?

22. In the sky (in the “Lowhul Mahfooth”) is (the record of) your sustenance (its time, type and quantity) and (record of) what you have been promised (of Qiyaamah). (The time for Qiyaamah has been fixed but has not been made known to man.)

23. By the Rabb of the sky and the earth, this (coming of Qiyaamah) is certainly the truth just as (it is true that) you can speak.

24. Has the story of Ibraheem’s honourable guests (some angels who) reached you?
25. When they came to him and greeted with Salaam, he (thinking them to be travellers) said, “Peace be upon you too. You must be strangers (to this place).”

26. He then went to his family and returned with a fat (roasted) calf.

27. He served it to them and (when they did not partake of it because angels do not eat food) he said, “Are you not going to eat (Will you not accept my hospitality)?”

28. He grew afraid of them (thinking that they may have come for some sinister purpose). They said, “Do not be afraid,” and they gave him the good news of a child (blessed with knowledge that was to be born to him i.e. Ishaq).

29. His wife (Sarah) arrived (came forward) calling a loud (in amazement upon hearing the news), smote her face (striking her forehead in surprise) and said, “(How can) An old barren woman (like me bear a child)?”

30. They (the angels) said, “Thus has your Rabb declare (you will therefore certainly bear a child). He is the Wise, the All Knowing.” (He knows why and to whom a child should be born.)

31. He (Ibraheem) said (to the angels), “What is your duty, O messengers?” (Why have you been sent to earth?)

32. They replied, “We have been sent to (punish) a criminal nation (the nation of Loot)…”

33. “…to rain (baked) clay stones on them…”
34. “...which have been marked by your Rabb (each stone bore the name of the person it was meant to kill) for those who transgress (exceed) the limits (of morality by engaging in sodomy).”

35. “(However, we shall not harm the Mu’mineen because before inflicting the punishment,) We shall remove those who are Mu’mineen from the town (by informing them when to leave the town).”

36. “(From the entire town) We found only a single home of Muslims there (who were the household of Loot ۚۚ).”

37. In (the narration of) this incident (event) We have left a lesson (reminds) for those who fear a painful punishment. (The ruins of the cities of these people are still visible today.)

38. And (there is also a lesson) in (the story of) Moosa when We sent him to Fir’oun with a clear proof (with miracles to prove that he was Allaah’s true Nabi).

39. However, Fir’oun turned away together with his party (his people and forces) and said, “(Moosa ۚۚ) Either a (clever) magician or a madman!”

40. So We seized him (Fir’oun) and his army and cast them into the ocean for he was to be blamed (for misleading the people and the rely inviting the punishment).

41. And (there is also a lesson) in (the story of) the Aad when we sent a (fierce) wind to them that
was devoid of (without) any good.

42. (When it blew) It completely destroyed everything it passed over (totally destroying the Aal and everything they had).

43. And (there is also a lesson) in (the story of) the Thamud when (after they had killed the miraculous camel) they were told (by their Nabi Saalih ﷺ), “Enjoy yourselves for a while (a few days).”

44. They transgressed against the command of their Rabb, so a (stunning sound) (preceding an earth quake) seized them as they looked on.

45. (When Allaah’s punishment struck them,) They were unable to even stand (rise) and were helpless to protect themselves.

46. (Such was the condition of) The nation of Nooh ﷺ (who were destroyed) before (all these nations mentioned above). (Allaah’s punishment destroyed them because) They were indeed a sinful nation (who rejected the message of Tawheed).

47. We created the sky with (Our immense) might and (creating this and everything else is easy for Us because) We certainly possess vast (mighty) powers.

48. And we have spread the earth out (for other creation to live completely easily on it). How excellently we have created the wild!

49. We have created pairs (opposites) of everything (such as male and female, hot and cold, sweet and
50. So hasten towards (be quick to recognise) Allaah (by pondering about His creation). Verily I (Rasulullaah ﷺ) am a clear warner (Nabi) to you from Him.

51. Do not ascribe another Ilaah with Allaah. Verily I (Rasulullaah ﷺ) am a clear warner to you from Him.

52. In a like manner, (just as the Mushrikeen of Makkah opposed Rasulullaah ﷺ) whenever a Rasool came to those before them, they (rejected his message and) said that he is a magician or a madman.

53. Have they (all the precious Mushrikeen) made bequests (promises) to each other (that they will all reject the Ambiyaa؟) No, but (the real reason why they all behave in such a manner is that) they are (all) rebellious (disobedient) people.

54. (O Rasulullaah ﷺ!) Ignore them (do not be grieved by the manner in which they behave towards you), for you will not be blamed (for their disobedience).

55. (However, you should) Continue advising (reminding) because advice is beneficial for the Mu’mineen.

56. I have created man and Jinn only to worship (serve) Me. (Besides the many various other reasons the most important objective for creating men and Jinn is for them to recognise who Allaah is).
57. I require neither sustenance \( (\text{daily provision}) \) from them nor do I want them to feed Me.

58. (On the contrary) Without doubt, Allaah is the Sustainer \( (\text{He provides people with their sustenance}) \), the Possessor of absolute power, Strong. \( (\text{Allaah is not in need of His creation, but they are most definitely in need of Him}) \).

59. There shall certainly be substantial \( (\text{severe}) \) punishment for the oppressors \( (\text{the Kuffaar}) \), which shall be similar to the punishment of those like them \( (\text{those who committed kufr in the past}) \), so do not hurry Me \( (\text{do not be impatient for the punishment to come because it will certainly arrive at its appointed time}) \).

60. Destruction \( (\text{death}) \) be to the Kuffaar because of the day \( (\text{of their punishment, which}) \) they have been promised \( (\text{at the battle of Badr and later on the day of Qiyammat}) \).